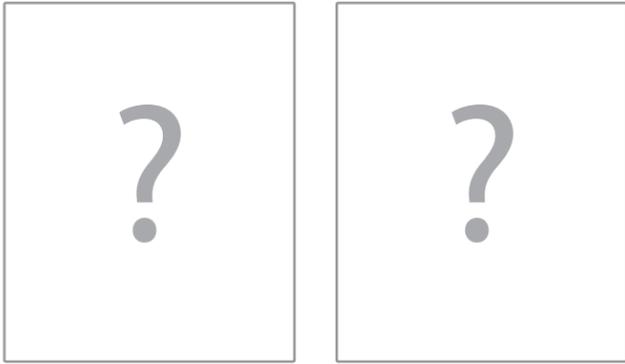


Putting all the pieces together to create an effective wireframe.



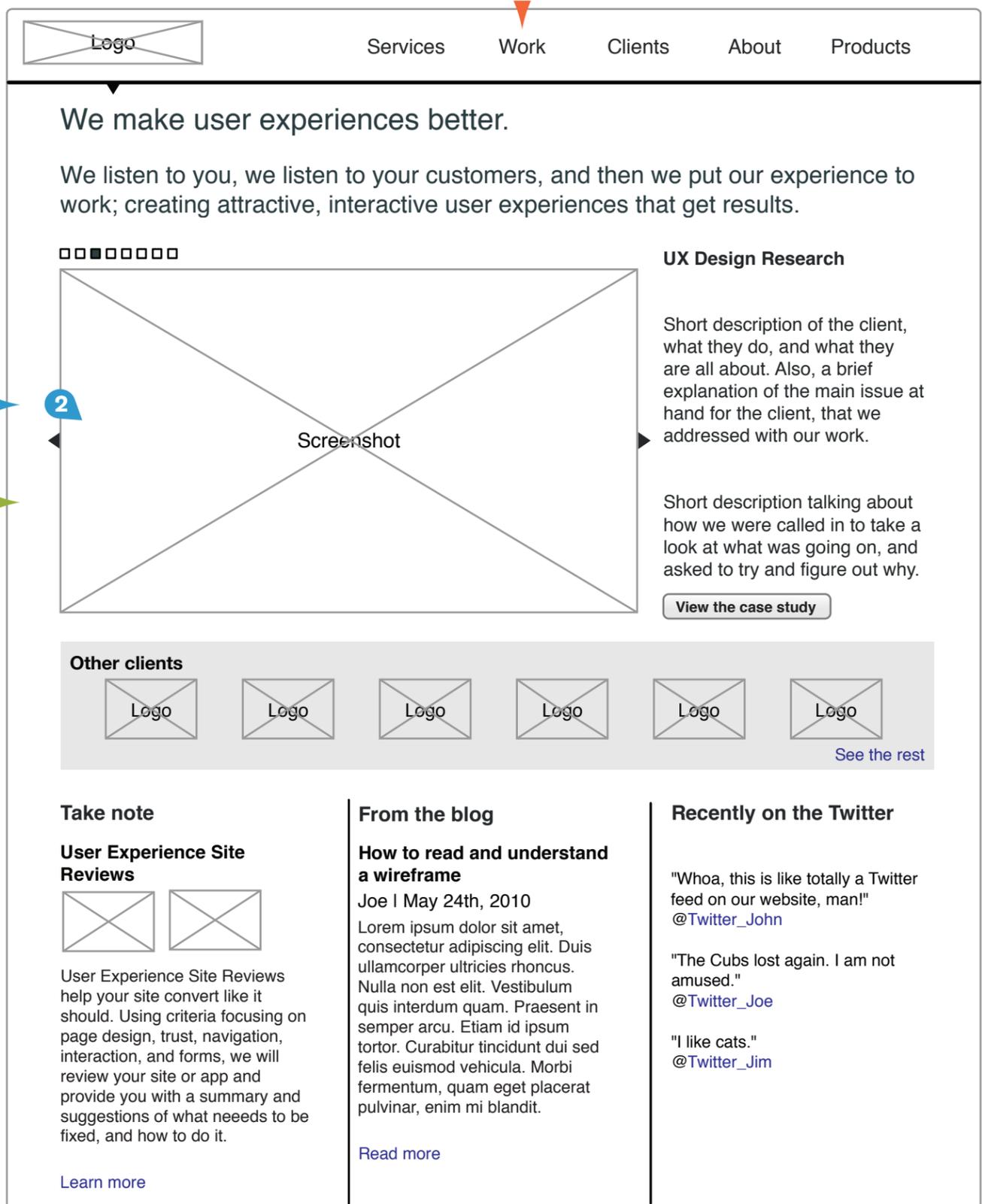
1 Page type
Determine what type of wireframe you will be creating. Wireframes can take several forms, such as representing widgets, mobile applications, forms, navigation states, full pages, or best practices.

Navigation
Decide which pages your navigation will represent, as well as the language you will use for navigation elements. Focus on the language and placement of secondary, tertiary, header and footer navigation elements if appropriate. Also keep in mind element size and how it ties in with the overall hierarchy.



3 Annotations
Use annotations to describe the content, interactions, layout, and any details that cannot be visually represented. Annotations can refer to larger areas of the wireframe, or the individual elements that make it up.

4 Content
Use appropriate content for the wireframe, whether actual copy or placeholder text. With either, focus on placement, and the hierarchy of the information being presented. Use stencils or patterns to create consistency. Using the same shapes or elements for similar interactions throughout the page, document, and overall project.



5 Fidelity
Determine the overall level of detail you want to represent with the wireframe. This will influence what visual vocabulary and content is used as well.

6 Layout
Keep in mind layout issues such as readability, white space, and overall hierarchy when placing elements within the wireframe.